



Specifications

- dc-potential range	± 2.048 V
- voltage reference	4.096 V
- dc-potential resolution	1 mV
- dc-offset error	± 1 mV
- accuracy	≤ 0.1 %
- current ranges	2 nA to 200 µA (6 ranges)
- current resolution	0.05 % of current range
	1 pA on lowest current range
- electrometer amplifier input	CMOS input, C < 2 pF
- rise time	20 µs
- dimensions	8.0 cm x 5.4 cm x 2.3 cm (L x W x H)
- power	5 V / 45 mA max. USB powered
- interfacing	USB
- Extra inputs/outputs	3 generic digital I/O internal pins
	3 10-bit ADC inputs multiplexing the above specific connector
- sensor connection	

µStat 200



Specifications are subject to change without previous notice



DropSens, S.L.

Edif. SCTs, Local 5. El Cristo
33006 Oviedo (Asturias) - Spain
Phones: (+34) 985277685 / 653525278
FAX: (+34) 985277685
info@dropsens.com
www.dropsens.com

µStat 200 is a small portable **Bipotentiostat** that can be applied for amperometric measurements at a fixed dc-potential as well as voltammetric measurements like differential pulse and square wave voltammetry. The supplied *DropView* software for Windows is used to control the instrument and to plot the measurements and perform the analysis of results. The instrument is controlled and powered by means of a USB connection.

µStat 200 has six current ranges: 2 nA to 200 µA, and Auto (the instrument automatically selects the optimal current range), with a resolution of 1 pA on the lowest current range.

The instrument can be tailored for specific applications. All relevant amperometric and voltammetric methods can be programmed for the instrument.

The embedded software of *µStat 200* can provide all methods which are relevant for electrochemical sensors. The voltammetric methods are used to measure a curve of current versus potential. Amperometric detection is used to record current as a function of time.

Available Voltammetric methods

- Linear Sweep Voltammetry (**LSV**)
- Cyclic Voltammetry (**CV**)
- Square Wave Voltammetry (**SWV**)
- Differential Pulse Voltammetry (**DPV**)

These methods can all be used in their stripping modes which are applied for (ultra-) trace analysis.

Available Amperometric method

- Amperometric Detection (**AD**)
- Pulsed Amperometric Detection (**PAD**)

Specifications of most of the relevant parameters

General pretreatment	General voltammetric parameters
Apply conditioning potential for:	0 - 1600 s
Apply deposition potential for:	0 - 1600 s
Apply equilibration potential for:	0 - 1600 s
Conditioning potential:	-2.048 V to +2.048 V
Deposition potential:	-2.048 V to +2.048 V
Equilibration potential:	-2.048 V to +2.048 V
	Begin potential: -2.048 V to +2.048 V
	End potential: -2.048 V to +2.048 V
	Step potential: 1 mV to 2048 mV
	Pulse potential 1 mV to 2048 mV

Limits of some technique specific parameters

LSV and CV	Scan rate:	1 mV/s to 5.0 V/s
SWV	Frequency:	1 Hz to 400 Hz
	Amplitude potential:	1 mV to 250 mV
DPV	Scan rate:	1 mV/s to 2.5 V/s
	Pulse time:	1 ms to 200 ms
AD	Interval time:	50 ms to 300 s
	Run time:	Hours (65000 points)
PAD	Pulse time:	1 ms
	Run time:	Hours (65000 points)